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SCREENING SITE INVESTIGATION MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC. COLBERT COUNTY, ALABAMA EPA ID NO. ALD 067129676

BY Larry O. Diggs, Jr. Field Operations Division Alabama Department of Environmental Management November 1, 1988



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



Guy Hunt Governor

Leigh Pegues, Director

1751 Federal Drive Montgomery, AL 36130

205/271-7700

Field Offices:

Unit 806, Building 8 225 Oxmoor Circle Birmingham, AL 35209 205/942-6168

P.O. Box 953 Decatur, AL 35602 205/353-1713

2204 Perimeter Road Mobile, AL 36615 205/479-2336 November 14, 1988

Mr. Joe Young
EPA CERCLA PA/SI Regional Project Officer
Site Investigation Support Section
Waste Management Division
Region IV, USEPA
345 Courtland Street, N.E.
Atlanta, GA. 30365

Re: Screening Site Investigation/Martin Industries, Inc.

Dear Mr. Young:

Submitted herein is the screening site investigation report for Martin Industries, Inc., located in Sheffield, Alabama. Included is all the pertinent information which was collected during the site visit. After completion of the SSI, the following analyses are offered.

- 1. The site is located at the Northwest 1/4 of Section 33 of Township 3 South, Range 11 West. (1, 2, 3)
- 2. The area of the site is located in Colbert County at 1604 17th Street in Sheffield, Alabama. (1, 2, 4, 8)
- 3. The facility began operation in 1905 as King Stove and Range Company. In 1974, the site became Martin Industries through a merger. (13)
- 4. Potable water wells are located in the area and serve the City of Tuscumbia, Pearson's Trailer Park, Hollander's Cafe and Restaurant, and Ballew's Trailer Park. (1, 3)
- 5. The facility is located on the west side of Sheffield and the four mile radius includes Muscle Shoals, Florence and Tuscumbia. An estimated total of 52232 persons reside within the four mile radius of the site. (1, 2)
- 6. The important surface water feature near the site is the Tennessee River. The river flows approximately one mile west of the site. The Tennessee River at Pickwick Lake is classified Public Water Supply, Swimming, and Fish and Wildlife. (1, 2, 3, 17)
- 7. A screening site investigation (SSI) was performed on August 2, 1988. Due to the absence of hazardous waste at the site, no samples were taken. (16)

Evaluating the site based on the preliminary assessment and the site

Page 2

screening investigation, we feel that this site should be given a low priority, and should be placed in the category of no further action required.

Should you have any questions in regard to these determinations, please contact me.

Yours truly,

Larry O. Diggs, Jr.

Field Operations Division

LODjr/cb

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BACK GROUND

On August 2, 1988, staff members of the Field Operations Division (FOD) of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) conducted a CERCLA Site Screening Investigation on the Martin Industries facility at Sheffield, Alabama in Colbert County. Clayton Scott and Brien Diggs (of ADEM), and Dan Thoman of USEPA were present during the inspection. Mr. Mitchell Stephens of Martin Industries provided the escort through the facility, and was the on-site representative of the company. (16)

Martin Industries, Inc. manufactures wood burning stoves, heaters and fireplace inserts. The stoves are finished/painted and shipped from the Sheffield facility. The site has been active since 1905. Between 1905 and 1974, the facility was known as King Stove and Range Company. In 1974, three other businesses merged and the site became Martin Industries. Until 1975, a foundry was operated at the facility. Waste produced is believed to have been placed in the county landfill. Prior to 1980, other production waste was also placed in the county landfill. In 1980, Martin Industries applied for Interim Status. It was later determined that, since the facility was only producing 400 pounds of contaminated xylene and toluene per month, and that waste is not stored or disposed of on-site, Martin Industries did not need a storage permit. All hazardous waste produced is disposed of at Mt. Pleasant Chemical Co. in Tennessee and Chemical Waste Management at Emelle, Alabama. Martin Industries currently employs approximately 30 persons. During painting, solvents are evacuated through a series of corrugated paper baffles/and out through ceiling stacks/vents. The baffles are disposed of with sanitary refuse. Xylene and Toluene storage tanks do exist on-site, and have a containment wall around them in the event of leakage. The facility also has a NPDES Permit to a POTW for their metal rinsing water. (5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16)

POPULATION ZONES

The Martin Industries facility is located on the west side of Sheffield, which places it in a highly populated area. An estimated 13555 persons reside within the one mile radius, while an estimated 9375, 15975, and 13327 persons reside in the 1-2, 2-3, and 3-4 mile radii, respectively. (1, 2)

SURFACE WATER USE

The important surface water feature in the area surrounding the facility is the Tennessee River. The Tennessee River is approximately one mile west of the plant and surface water drainage flows in that direction. The Tennessee River at Pickwick Lake is classified Public Water Supply, Swimming, and Fish and Wildlife. (1, 2, 3, 17)

GROUNDWATER USE

The major aquifer in the area is the Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer. The aquifer is recharged through the formation outcrops and the overlying regolith, and is a partially confined aquifer. The regional groundwater flow direction for this aquifer is toward the Tennessee River. Sheffield, Muscle Shoals, Florence and Tuscumbia are all served by public water supply. The City of Tuscumbia, Pearson's Trailer Park, Hollander's Cafe and Restaurant and Ballew's Trailer Park all use groundwater for water supply. (1, 3)

WAS TE CHARACTER IS TICS

Records and inspection indicated the following wastes present at the site:

Xylene, CHRIS hazard classification (HC): health 2, fire 3

Toluene, CHRIS HC; health 2, fire 3

CERCLIS DATA

Martin Industries, Inc. and King Stove and Range Company are the only known descriptions found to be associated with this site. The coordinates for this site are latitude 34 45 25.0 and longitude 087 42 15.0.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Evaluation of the above data seems to indicate that this site poses no threat to the groundwater, surface water due to migration off-site with surface water drainage, or direct contact-type hazard due to small quantities of contaminants. It is the recommendation of this Department that this site be given a low priority and should be listed as no further action required.



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



Guy Hunt Governor

Leigh Pegues, Director November 3, 1988

1751 Cong. W. L.

MEMORANDUM

Dickinson Drive

Montgomery, AL 36130

205/271-7700

TO:

Tim McCartha

Field Operations

Field Offices:

FROM:

Dorothy B. Swindel, Geologist

Groundwater Section

Unit 806, Building 8

225 Oxmoor Circle

Birmingham, AL

35209

RE:

Hydrogeologic Report of SSI Investigation

Martin Industries, Sheffield, Colbert County, Alabama

205/942-6168

<u>Introduction</u>

P.O. Box 953 Decatur, AL 35602

205/353-1713

A site investigation was conducted at the Martin Industries facility in Sheffield on September 3, 1988. Field Operations staff, Clay Scott and Brien Diggs, conducted the on-site investigation. The Field Operation's staff determined from the waste stream characteristics that the site would not require a hydrogeologic field investigation. Thus, this report consists only of a published literature and ADEM file review.

2204 Perimeter Road Mobile, AL

36615 205/479-2336 Topography and Surface Water Drainage

The Martin Industries site is located in the NW 1/4 of Section 33, Township 3 South, Range 11 West, in Sheffield, Alabama. The site is located at an elevation of approximately 490 feet msl. The plant facility is located in a closed contour area (Figure 1). This closed contour indicates a depression and probably results from karst conditions. Slopes on the site are less than 2 percent.

The major surface waters in the area include Pickwick Lake/Tennessee River, Cypress Creek and Spring Creek. Pickwick Lake is located approximately 1 mile west of the facility. Spring Creek is located approximately 1.5 miles southwest of the facility. The mouth of Cypress Creek where it flows into the Tennessee River is located approximately 2 miles north of the Martin Industries facility. Surface drainage from the facility site would be west toward the Tennessee River.

Precipitation in the area is derived primarily from rainfall. The average precipitation rate is 52 inches annually (U.S. Department of Commerce, 1984).

<u>Soils</u>

A published soil survey is currently not available for Colbert County. However, regolith overlies the carbonate bedrock in this area. The regolith is composed primarily of low permeability clays and minor amounts of sand, gravel and chert. The regolith is anisotropic and serves as a recharge area to the underlying carbonate aquifers.

Geology

The Martin Industries site is situated in the Tennessee Valley District of the Highland Rim Physiographic Section. The area is a plateau of moderate relief with elevations typically ranging from approximately 600 to 800 feet. A chert belt is located in the north and limestone plains are located along the Tennessee River.

The surface formation in the Martin Industries area is the Mississippian Tuscumbia Limestone (Figure 2). The Tuscumbia Limestone overlies the Mississippian Fort Payne Chert in this area. The Tuscumbia Limestone is the major surface formation in this part of the state and covers a large areal extent.

The Tuscumbia Limestone consists primarily of bedded bioclastic limestone with abundant chert nodules and may contain beds of light gray chert (Bossong and Harris, 1987). The limestone beds range in thickness from 1 to 10 feet thick. The bioclastic limestone will often occur in very coarse, massive cross-bedded zones. The formation thickness is approximately 200 feet (Bossong and Harris, 1987).

Regolith which covers the Tuscumbia Limestone is typically a consistent deposit which mantles the bedrock surface. The regolith is composed mostly of clay and may also contain chert, sand and gravel fractions.

The Tuscumbia Limestone has numerous solution features. Some of the solution features exhibit signs of vertically controlled solution. The formation has low primary porosity but high secondary porosity due to the highly solutionized and fractured nature of the bedrock. Depressions, sinkholes and other karst features dominate the area.

<u>Hydrogeology</u>

Regional

The major aquifer in the Sheffield area is the Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer. This aquifer consists of the Monteagle Limestone, the Tuscumbia Limestone, and the Fort Payne Chert. The aquifer is recharged through the formation outcrops and the overlying regolith. The Chattanooga Shale serves as the base of the aquifer. The Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer is a partially confined aquifer due to the overlying regolith, which has a lower hydraulic conductivity and the underlying low permeability Chattanooga Shale.

The Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer contains cavernous porosity where dissolution has enlarged joints and bedding-planes. Wells which intercept these features produce large quantities of water. The regional groundwater flow direction for the Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer is toward the Tennessee River from both the north and the south (Bossong and Harris, 1987).

Site Specific

The facility is located on regolith from the Tuscumbia Limestone. The regolith is of unknown thickness at the site. The solutionized Tuscumbia Limestone underlies the regolith. There is no available site specific hydrogeologic data regarding the Martin Industries facility site.

The groundwater flow direction for the area around the Martin Industries site is probably influenced by the topography and the proximity to the Tennessee River. Thus, the direction of groundwater flow is probably toward the west-southwest.

Water Use

The area surrounding the Martin Industries facility is a highly populated area. The cities of Sheffield, Muscle Shoals, Florence and Tuscumbia all lie within a four-mile radius of the Martin Industries site. The cities are all served by public water supplies. Trailer parks, small businesses and some industries may utilize springs and/or wells for an additional or optional water supply. Those water supplies approved by ADEM are shown in Figure 1. The water supplies consist of public water systems, community and non-community supplies. The water systems and the cities which are served are as follows:

1. City of Tuscumbia:

Big Spring - Produces from the Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Chert Aquifer

City of Muscle Shoals:

Surface water intake from the Tennessee River

3. City of Florence:

Surface water intake from Cypress Creek

4. City of Sheffield:

Surface water intake from the Tennessee River

Pearson's Trailer Park - Community Water Supply

Well located in SW 1/4 Section 10, Township 4 South, Range 11 West

6. Hollander's Cafe and Restaurant - Non-community Water Supply

Well located in SW 1/4 Section 10, Township 4 South, Range 11 West

Ballew's Trailer Park - Community Water Supply

Well located in N 1/2 Section 14, Township 4 South, Range 12 West

8. National Fertilizer Development Center - Drinking Water and Industrial Water Supply

Surface water intake from Tennessee River

Migration Potential

The potential for migration of contaminants from this site is relatively high. The crucial factor is the thickness of the regolith. Thin regolith would allow for a higher potential for migration of contaminants into the underlying solutionized limestone. A thicker regolith layer would retard the migration rate through the clays into the solutionized limestone.

The area surrounding the Martin Industries site has been determined to be susceptible to contamination (Figure 3). This is due to the underlying highly solutionized carbonate bedrock. The major aquifers are recharged throughout their outcrop area, and thus any surface contamination would be expected to enter the aquifer (Bossong and Harris, 1987). The Martin Industries facility is located in a closed contour area, thus surface drainage is limited and recharge may occur more rapidly.

Ranking

The following data for CERCLA ranking are given to this site based on the literature and file review:

Depth to Aquifer of Concern - Estimated at 21 - 75 feet

Annual Precipitation - 52 inches/year

Permeability of the Unsaturated Zone - 10-3 to 10-5 cm/sec

Groundwater Use - Spring and surface water intakes are primary sources of public water supply in the area.

Distance to Nearest Well - Distance to Big Spring from facility is approximately 2 miles.

Distance to Population - The population served by Big Spring is estimated at 3001 - 10,000 persons.

Conclusions

The site is a highly susceptible site for surface contamination. However, if a source is not present, the potential for groundwater contamination is low. If a source were to be determined to exist, this site should receive a high rating for susceptibility for contamination and additional field work would be required for a full evaluation of this site.

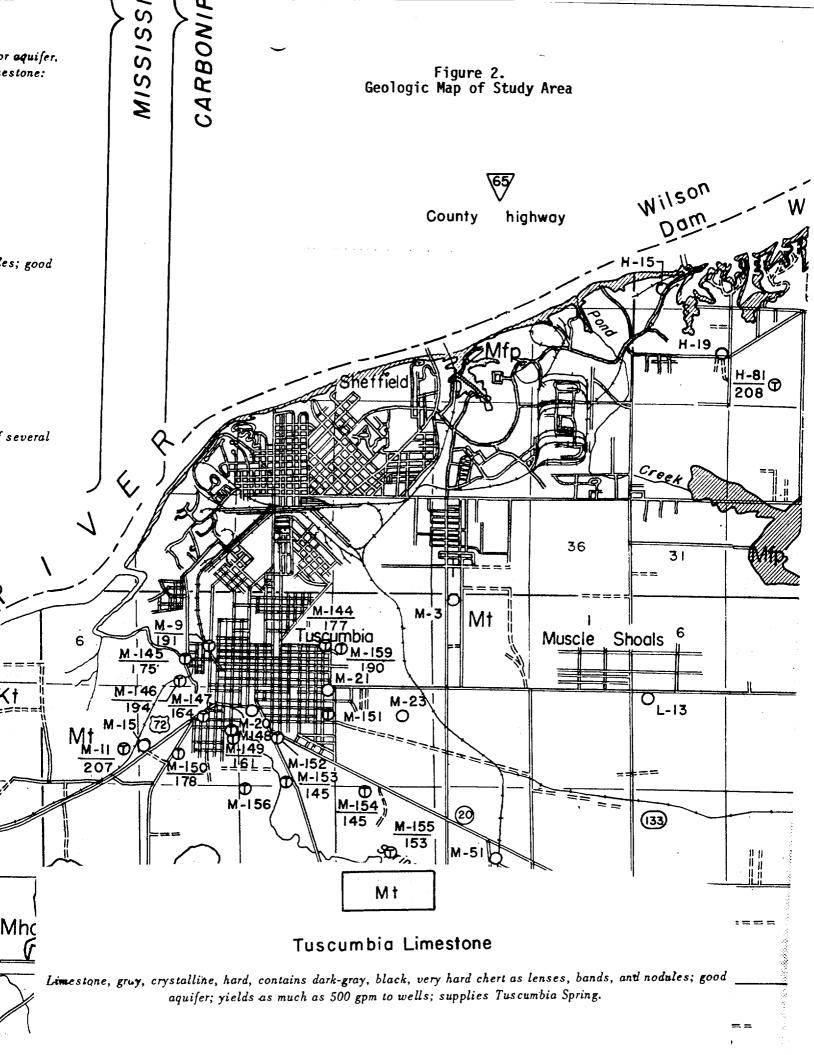
References

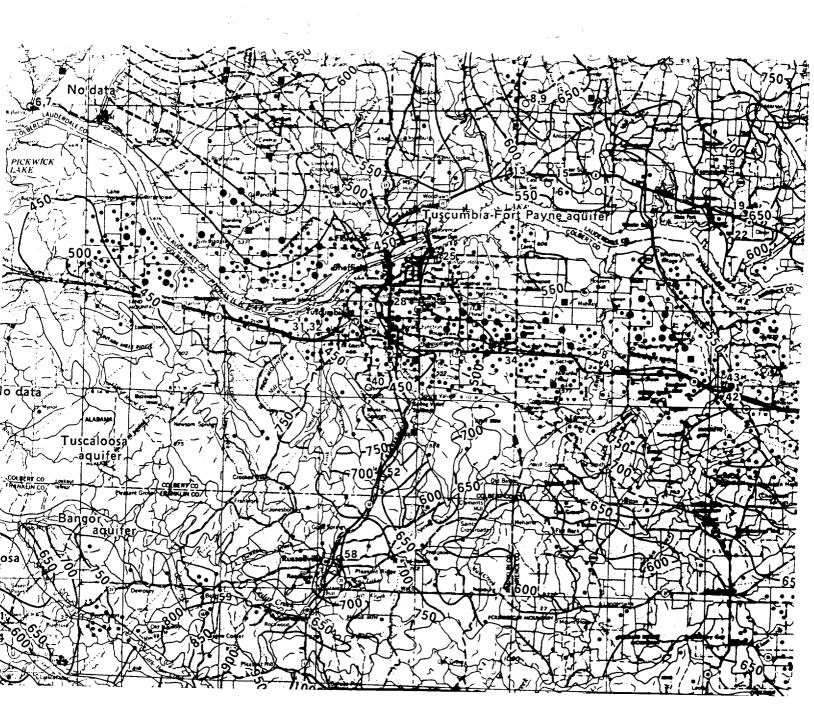
Bossong, C. R., and Harris, W. F., 1987, Geohydrology and Susceptibility of Major Aquifers to Surface Contamination in Alabama; Area 1: U. S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 87-4068, 34 p.

U.S. Department of Commerce, 1984, Local Climatological data, annual summary: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, published annually.

DBS/vrh

OVERSIZED DOCUMENT





<u> </u>	

NO SAMPLES WERE TAKEN AT THIS TIME

	•

REFERENCES

- 1. Geological Survey by Dorothy B. Swindel, 11-3-88.
- 2. Topographical Map and Population Estimate by John Bailey.
- 3. Colbert County Water Supply Map, 1977.
- 4. Facility Map.
- 5. Letter to L. H. Morton from Bernard E. Cox, 01-19-83.
- 6. Letter to Bernard E. Cox from Clarence Vaughn, 02-07-83.
- 7. Letter to Clarence Vaughn from Bernard E. Cox, 02-14-83.
- 8. 1982 Hazardous Waste Generator and On-site TSD Facility Annual Report.
- 9. Letter to David L. Roberson from Bill Hughey, 05-10-83.
- 10. Letter to Clarence Vaughn from James Scarborough, 08-15-83.
- 11. 1984 Hazardous Waste Generator and On-Site TSD Facility Annual Report, 03-29-84.
- 12. EPA Potential Hazardous Waste Site Preliminary Assessment, 08-15-84.
- 13. EPS Potential Hazardous Waste Site Preliminary Assessment, 08-16-84.
- 14. Material Safety Data Sheet, 02-20-86.
- 15. Memorandum to Ron Gore from Brien Diggs, 08-09-88.
- 16. SSI Trip Report by ADEM/FOD, 09-29-88.
- 17. Administrative Code of ADEM, Division 6.

PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX A, GEOLOGY REPORT. PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX D, MAPS. PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX D, MAPS. PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX D, MAPS STATE OF ALABAMA Colbax G.

DEPARTMENT (SE ENVIRONMENTAL JANAGEMENT

Dr. Dewey A. White, Jr. Chairman

Thomas R. DeBray
J. Errest Farnell, P.E.
Interim Co Directors

James W. Warr Interim Deputy Director

January 19, 1983

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Making A free of State Cap of A free of A free

Mr. L. H. Morton Production Superintendent Martin Industries, Inc. P. O. Box 730 Shefffeld, Alabama 35660

Re: Facility #ALD067129676

Dear Mr. Morton:

On January 12, 1983, Freda Griffis from this department inspected your plant for compliance with the State of Alabama Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. According to the RCRA Part A application which your company submitted to USEPA in November, 1980, and the Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity filed before that, your facility is a generator and a treatment, storage or disposal facility for hazardous waste. However, during the inspection mentioned above, it was noted that you only handle small quantities of waste, Toluene and Xylene. The other two wastes listed on your Part A application have been temporarily suspended from the regulations. If you only handle a small quantity of waste solvents, then your facility can be excluded from regulation under Section 4-231 of the Bazardous Waste Management Regulations. You may reduce the regulatory requirements for your plant by withdrawal of your Part A application.

Your current disposal practices for your waste solvents are acceptable. If there is any change in process that would alter any waste stream at your plant or if you disposal facilities or transporters, please notify this office.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Ms. Criffis at this office.

Sincerely,

Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program

BEC: FG: rc

cc: Mike Hoover





February 7, 1983

Mr. Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program State of Alabama Department of Environmental Management State Capitol Montgomery, AL 36130

RE: Facility #ALD067129676

Dear Mr. Cox:

I am in receipt of your letter dated January 19, 1983, directed to Mr. L.H. Morton pertaining to the inspection, handling, and disposal of our hazardous waste material, namely Toluene and Xylene.

It is true that we handle a small amount of these waste solvents, generating less than 400 pounds of contaminated Toluene and Xylene per month. We use both to clean our paint lines and paint guns.

Since we only handle a small quantity of waste solvents, can we be excluded from regulations under Section 4-231 of the Hazardous Waste Regulations? If so, we would like to withdraw our Part A application.

Would you please take whatever action is necessary. Thanking you in advance, I am

Sincerely yours,

Clarence Vaughn

Personnel Director

CV/tb

cc: L. H. Morton

STATE OF ALABAMA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Dr. Dewey A. While, Jr. Chairman

Thomas R. DeBray
J. Ernest Farnell, P.E.

James W. Werr Interm Deputy Director



February 14, 1983

Commission Members
Thomas R. DeBray, Mintgomery
Or Claire B. Educti Birmings am
J. Ernest Farmed, P.E., Mirble
Stanley E. Graves Sylacauga
Or Cameron M. Donald Birminghain
Riosed E. Hiley, Autoric

Maining Address
State Capitol
Montgomery AL 961 in
Trieptone 205 277 1630

Mr. Clarence Vaughn Martin Industries P. O. Box 739 Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Re: ALD067129676

Dear Sir:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your request to withdraw your Part A, RCRA Permit Application. Since Alabama has Phase I Authorization, it will be our responsibility to determine if your request should be honored.

Based upon the information you supplied, it appears that your facility is no longer treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste and is, therefore, not subject to Alabama's Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. Therefore, your request to withdraw your Part A Application is granted. However, you should be aware that as a generator of hazardous waste you must meet the generator requirements of RCRA as specified in 40 CFR 202.

You should be aware that your request to withdraw Interim status means that you may not treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste without a permit issued under the authority of Code of Ala. 1975, Section 22-30-12, as amended, and the Regulations adopted thereunder.

Should you have questions or comments, please feel fice to contact this office.

Sincerely,

Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program Department of Environmental Management

BEC:rc

cc: Mr. James Scarbrough EPA Region IV

LAND	PROGR	£

LAND PROGRAM

1982 Hazardous Waste Generator and On-Site TSD Facility Annual Report

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I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information I believe that the sub-



May 10, 1983



Mr. David L. Roberson Land Program Alabama Department of Environmental Management State Capitol Montgomery, AL 36130

Re: Financial Assurance and Liability Coverage

for Hazardous Waste TSD Facilities

Dear Mr. Roberson:

We have enclosed information requested in the referenced memorandum. We wish to demonstrate compliance with RCRA and State Regulations based on the fact that our Sheffield facility has withdrawn Part A application. This facility is no longer used for treatment storage or disposal of hazardous waste.

Should you require additional information, please call.

Sincepely,

Bill Hughey

Vice President - Manufacturing

BGH/1es

Enc

cc: Bob Martin Clarence Vaughn

301 EAST TENNES

FLORENCE, AL 35631

AC 205-767-033



7.

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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arling Address: ate Capitol ontgonery, AL 130 15/834-1303	State Ca	Department of Environme	ental Management							
eld Offices:	ATTENTION: David L.	Roberson								
	FACILITY NAME: Martin Industries, Inc.									
	FACILITY ID#: ALD067129676									
5-353-1713	FACILITY ADDRESS: P.O. Box 730, 1604 17th Avenue SW,									
nit 806, Building 8		Sheffield, Alabama 35660)							
5 Oxmoor Circle rmingham, AL 209 5/942-6168	FACILITY CONTACT:	Ar. Clarence Vaughn, Per	sonnel Director							
i58 Midmost Drive obite, AL 609	to insure compliand ments for closure a	e with the state financ nd post-closure. It is	the financial mechanism indicated that assurance and liability require- to our understanding that ADEM will the information contained in this							
63 Demetropolis Rd	I. CLOSURE	POST CLOSURE	FINANCIAL MECHANISM							
abile, AL 609	1.	***************************************	Closure Trust Fund							
5 660 0150	2.		Surety Bond Guaranteeing Payment into a Closure Trust Fund							
	3.	<u> </u>	Surety Bond Guaranteeing Performance of Closure (may be used only by faci-lities with Part B permit)							
	4.		Closure Letter of Credit							
	5		Closure Insurance							

(Further details supplied under comments section) 8. Use of a Financial Mechanism for Multiple Facilities (Further details supplied under comments section) 9. Company has withdrawn Part A application. The facility is no longer

for Closure

Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee

Use of Multiple Financial Mechanism

used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste.

Chille



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION IV

345 COURTLAND STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA 30365

AUG 1 5 1993

4AW-RM

Mr. Clarence Vaughn Martin Industries P. O. Box 739 Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Re: Request for Withdrawal of EPA Hazardous Waste Application Martin Industries - EPA I.D. No. ALD 067 129 676

Dear Mr. Vaughn:

This agency has been notified by the Hazardous Waste Agency of the State in which your facility is located, that your request for withdrawal of your Part A application has been granted.

Based on that information, EPA is closing our Part A file on your facility. Your EPA identification number will be retained in our data management system so that in the future, should the need arise, an EPA identification number will be available to you.

The RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR §265.112) require that an owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility submit his closure plan to the Director of the State Hazardous Waste Agency within 15 days after the termination of interim status. This is the first step in the initiation of closure procedures required under 40 CFR §\$265.110 to 265.120. Each of the states in Region IV of EPA has substantially equivalent state regulations. By copy of this letter, we are notifying the State Hazardous Waste Agency that all regulatory requirements for closure of your hazardous waste facility should be met and documented in their files.

If your facility is a generator which will continue to accumulate hazardous waste for short periods of time (less than 90 days) prior to shipment off site, you should be aware of the hazardous waste regulations which apply to generators who accumulate hazardous waste. In the Federal program these regulations are found in 40 CFR §262.34.

If there are any questions concerning this, please contact Nell Keever of my staff at the above address or by phone at (404) 881-3446.

Sincerely yours,

Sincerely yours,

Mulusy on

James H. Scarbrough, Chief Residuals Management Branch

Air & Waste Management Division

cc: Alabama Department of Environmental Management

ALABAMA	DEPARTMENT	OF	ENVIRONMENTAL	MANAGEMENT
			00000 444	

^		PROGRAM			
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facility did did not ge	nerate reportable	amounts of hazardou	s waste. (If you	check did not, skip	to Item VII.)
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B. Waste Description	C. Amount of Waste (1bs)	D. Receiving Facility	E. Receiving Facility	F. Transporter	G. Transporter ID Number
	Waste (1bs)	Facility	E. Receiving Facility ID Number		',
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	Facility	Name O//	',
B. Waste Description SPENT XY/ENC	Waste (1bs)	Facility	Facility ID Number	Name O//	ID Number
	Waste (1bs)	Facility	Facility ID Number	Name O//	ID Number
	Waste (1bs)	Facility	Facility ID Number	Name O//	ID Number
	Waste (1bs)	Facility	Facility ID Number	Name O//	ID Number
	Waste (1bs)	Facility	Facility ID Number	Name O//	ID Number
	DARTIN INDUSTA Sty HOOF 17th Colbert County County Name	Colbert Alame facility did Mid not generate reportable	Colbert Alabama County State Callity did Mid not penerate reportable amounts of hazardous	(Street or Route Number) Colbert Alabama 35660 County State Zip Cod act Clarence Vaugho 205 767- Name Area Code Telephon facility did Mid not many generate reportable amounts of hazardous waste. (If you	Colbert Algha 35660 County State ZIp Code Collect Valgha Area Code Telephone Number facility did Mid not generate reportable amounts of hazardous waste. (If you check did not, skip

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

•	
	\vdash \vdash \vdash \vdash \vdash

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

The state of the s

	IFICATION
DESTAIR	02 SITE NUMBER
AL	D067129676

PART 1 -	SITE INFORMA	TION AN	ND ASSESSMEN	T HL 1	0067129676
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION					
01 SITE NAME (Legel, common, or descriptive name of site)		02 STREE	T, ROUTE NO , OR SPE	ECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	
MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC.		1		N AVE SW	
03 CITY		04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE OB C	COUNTY	07 COUNTY 08 CONG CODE DIST
SHELFIELD		AL	35 660	COLBERT	CODE DIST
09 COURDINATES LATITUDE LONG	SITUDE	I			
34 45 25. <u>087 4</u>	215				
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest public road) ON THE WEST SIDE OF SNE	FFIELD C	PEF	OF BUS.	ROUTE 43	
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES					
01 OWNER (# known)		02000	Υ (β.ιου	int sh	
OTOWNER (MAROWN) MARTIN INDUSTRIES, IN	c	1	T (Business, mailing, reside	•	
			1. Box 73		T
03 CITY		l	05 7IP CODE	06 TELEPHONE NUMBER	
SHEFFIELD,		AL	35660	(205) 767-0550	
07 OPERATOR (#known and different from owner)		OB STAFE	T (Business maling, reside	ntiel)	
SAME					
OH CITY		10 STATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE NUMBER	T
				()	
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)			LIC STAIF	LID COLINTY (F.M.	NICIPAL
(BA PRIVATE () B. FEDERAL:	(Agency name)			I D COUNTY LE MU	MOIF AL
☐ F. OTHER: (Specify)	,		(3 G, UNKNOV	VN	
1.4 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (Check all (nat apply)					
A. RCRA 3001 DATE RECEIVED 11 19 80 MONTH DAY YEAR	B. UNCONTROLL	ED WAST	E SITE (CERCLA 103 c)	DATE RECEIVED: HONTH D	AY YEAR LIC NONE
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD					
·	kalimatarpis)	CONTO.	ACTOR I'C	STATE IID OTIMA	CONTRACTOR
TIES DATE TO THE TIES			ACTOR C FOTHER		
5.1 NO				(Soecdy)	
U2 SITE STATUS (Check one)	RACTOR NAME(S).				
DZ SITE STATUS (Check one) LEMA, ACTIVE CT B INACTIVE CT C. UNKNOWN	/	905			N
		BEGINNING Y			
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOWN, SPENT XVEENE & PAINT WA		_	_ 		
SPENI KILENE F NAINT WI					
L					
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND/					
WASTE IS DEUMMED FOR	DISPOSA	ac C	OFFSITE	OR RECLAI	no.
INTERIM STATUS HAS BE					
	- •	. •	,		
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT				P. C	
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT 01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one # high or medium is checked - c	omplete Peri 2 - **	. materia	ul 3 Das more	his Combination to	
O1 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one # high or medium is checked + c	omplete Part 2 - Waste Info. C. I. C. LOW (Inspect on tem-		INTO NONE	ous Conditions and incollent. action named to coplete current dispers	alo My Nasi
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM					
01 CONTACT	02 OF (Agency Cigan) alterns				CHILL PARSER NUMBER
STEVE MAURER	ADEM				(205) 271-7728
DA PERRION RESPONSIBLE FOR ABRESAMENT	UB AMENUV	106 (1911)	ANIZATION	97 TOTE PHONE NUMBER	OB DATE
STEVEN M. HORNUNG	1	1	75	1601 1922-8242	8 15 84
	<u> </u>				KEINTH DAY 11 AG

EPA FORM 2070-12 (7.81)

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I IDENTIFICATION

UT STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

AL DO67129676

E A SOLID	E SLURRY	(Mousines o		1 55 Whole Offiniacit		mera er	
	E A SOLID F. E SLURRY E B POWDER, FINES F. LIQUID TONS. TO SLUDGE F. G. GAS CUBIC YARDS.		ndar endenti	B CORROSIVE F. C. RADIOACTIVE G.		UBLE LIMGHLY CTIOUS JERPLOS MMABLE KREACTI TABLE LINGOME MINOTAF	SIVE IVE IPATIBLE
	(Specify)	NO OF DRUMS					
III. WASTE TY	PE						
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE						
OLW	OILY WASTE						
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSD	PESTICIDES						
осс	OTHER ORGANIC CH	HE MICALS					
ЮС	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIDS		<u> </u>				
BAS	BASES						
MES	HEAVY METALS						
IV. HAZARDO	US SUBSTANCES (500 A	openitix for most frequen	lly cited CAS Numbers)				
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	AME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE DISE	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	U6 MEASURE D
T							
			<u> </u>				
			1				1
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			 	<u> </u>		 	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
						 	
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-			<u> </u>		···		
V EEEDSTOC	CKS (See Appendix for CAS Numb			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1
CATEGORY	O1 FEEDS FOC		02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	DI FLEDS	TOCK NAME	D2 CAS NUMBER
FDS	011220100	N WARRIE	UZ CAS NOMBEN	FDS	07776787	I COK NAME	WE CAS NOWBET
 							
FDS	- 			FDS			
FDS			 	FDS			
	OF INFORMATION		<u> </u>	FDS			
	OF INFORMATION (Uno						

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

AL DO67/29676

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	; L	AL	006712967
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)				
01 ☐ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 (I) OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ PO 1	TENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
01 D K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (mclude name(s) of species)	02 LT OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ PO '	TENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 [] L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 □ OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ PO	TENTIAL	() ALLEGED
01 [] M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spale/unoff/standing kquids/leaking drums)	02 (] OBSERVED (DATE:)	(3 PO)	TENTIAL	(") ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION			
01 [] N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 () OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ PO	TENTIAL	() ALLEGED
01 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPS O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	(J PO	TENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
01 D. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 () OBSERVED (DATE)	[] PO	TENTIAL	() ALLEGED
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEG	GED HAZARDS			
II. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:				National Wive and American
V. COMMENTS				
				
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Che specific references e.g., state files.	aample enalysis (eports)			



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENT

I. IDENTIFICATION			
O1 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER DO67/29676		
72	0001121010		

	INARY ASSESSMENT AZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	AL	0067129676
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	The second secon		
01 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED		() POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 [] B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 (T) OBSERVED (DATE:	POTENTIAL	. () ALLEGED
01 □ C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 () OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	O POTENTIAL	. C ALLEGED
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:		L) POTENTIAL	. t l ALLEGED
01 DE. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED.		E) POTENTIAL	. ALLEGED
01 F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED (Acres)	02 (J OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	1 : POTENTIAL	() ALLEGED
01 [J.G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:		1 POTENTIAL	- ! ALLEGED
01 [] H WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 (7) OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	() POTENTIAL	. IT ALLEGED
01 [] I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:		() POTENTIAL	ALLEGED



2. PROJECT MANAGEMENT SUM ?

Site Name: MARTIN INDUSTRIES INC	
Site Number: <u>AL D067/29676</u>	
Owner: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC	
Operator: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC.	
Site Status: 🔀 Active 🔝 Inactive 🔝 Unknown	
Priority: High Madium Low None	
3. FINAL DISPOSITION	
I. EPS Final Review - Date: 8/16/84	
Connents:	
Site Inspection Required // Yes // No	
II. ADEM Review - Date: Comments:	
Follow-up Action Required /_/ Yes /_/ No	
	·
<pre>III. Final Disposition: Review & revise Date:</pre>	
Review & revise Date: Edited & correct Date:	
Transmittel Date:	
File close-out Date: Initiate site	
inspection Date:	
4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (ONGOING & FINAL)	
TO THE DEET OF ALL WALLES	
TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE TITIS	
IS A BCRA FACILIM ONLY.	
	·
	-

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT EPS FORM 3012-III

INDUSTRIAL NARRATIVE SHEET

1. Site Identification:

Site number: ALD067129676

Site name: Martin Industries, Inc.

Site county: Colbert

2. Industrial Narrative Summary:

Company Name: Martin Industries, Inc.

Address: P. O. Box 73

Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Telephone No.: 205-767-0330

Contact: Clarence Vaughn

Discussion:

Martin Industries, Inc. in Colbert County produces wood burning stoves, heaters and fireplace inserts. The site has been active since 1905. Between 1905 and 1974, the site was King Stove and Range Company. In 1974, three other businesses merged and the site became Martin Industries. Until 1975, a foundry was operated at the facility. Waste produced is believed to have been placed in the county landfill. Prior to 1980, other production waste was also placed in the county landfill.

Martin Industries applied for Interim Status in 1980. It was later determined that they did not need a storage permit. Interim Status was withdrawn. All hazardous waste produced currently is disposed of in an approved facility. No waste has been disposed of on-site.

3. <u>Disposition</u>:

No further action required under RCRA 3012. Program regulated as a generator by ADEM.

4. Comments:

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITI PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT EPS FORM 3012-II

TELEPHONE LOG SHEET

1 .	Site Identification:
	Site number: <u>ALD 067/29676</u>
	Site name: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC
2.	Interview Data: (Party called)
	Name: CLARENCE VAUGHN
	Position: PERSONNEL DIRECTOR
	Firm: MARTIN INDUSTRIES INC
	Address: <u>P.O. Box 73</u>
	SHEFFIELD AL 35660
	Telephone No.: (205) 767-0330
3.	EPS Analyst Data:
	Name: STEVEN M. HORNUNG
	Purpose of call: CONFIRM INFO. ON P.A.
	Form 2070-12 (7-81) P.N. PART /
	Date of call: WED AUG 15, 1984
	the state of the s
4.	Interview Narrative Summary: MARTIN INDUSTRIES PRODUCES WOOD EURNACES
	ID FIREPLACE INSERTS. THE PLANT WAS ORIGINALLY KING STONE &
	INGE COMPANY STARTED IN 1905. THE PLANT HAD FOUNDRIES BACK
	YEN. IN 1974 FOUR PLANTS HUNTSVILLE FLORENCE, ATHENS AND
-Z-L	EFFIELD MERGED TO FORM MARTIN INDUSTRIES. THE FOUNDLY
	AS CLOSED IN 1975, THE FOUNDRY IS NOW AT THE FLORENCE
	ANT. HE STARTED WORK IN 1974. FROM WHAT HE COULD FIND
	T WASTE PRODUCED PRIOR TO 1980 WAS PLACED IN THE
	UNTY LANDFILL THIS INCLUDES THE FOUNDRY WASTE.
	CURRENTLY THEY PRODUCE APPROX. 1 DRUM OF WASTE PER MONTH
	HICH CONTAINS XYLENE AND PAINT WASTE, THIS IS SENT TO
	T. PLEASANT CHEM. CO. IN TENN. WASTE HAS ALSO GONE TO
	EM WASTE MANAGEMENT. THE PLANT HAS A NPDES PERMIT TO A
	OTW FOR THEIR METAL RINSING WATER. THEIR PHOSPHATE METAL
	EANING WASTE IS PUT IN A TANKER AND APPROX. EVERY 2 MONTHS
	TAKEN TO THE HUNTSVILLE PLANT FOR TREATMENT.
25	TAKEN TO THE HUNTSVILLE MEANT FOR TREATMENT.
5.	Disposition/Comments:
J •	Disposition Control of the Control o
i.	Comments: Any additional sites ased by this company?
9.	Location:
	Dates of use:
	Description of waste:
	Comments:

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SYSTEMS, INC. Alabama RCRA 3012 Site Ranking Scheme EPS Form 3012-V

Site Name <u>MARTIN INDUSTRIES</u> INC.
Site Number <u>ALD 067129676</u>

Preliminary Assessment Ranking Scheme to Determine Which Sites Merit Further Action.

(Select one answer for each of the following seven questions)

1.	Are Hazardous Substances Present?	
	A. Confirmed on site!	10 points
	B. Suspected at site!	5 points
	C. It is unknown!	2 points
	D. No hazardous substances	0 points
	E. RCRA facility only!	0 points o
2	In Thomas a Dollution Diamount Bathurus	
2.	Is There a Pollution Dispersal Pathway?	E mointe
	A. Direct to surface and/or groundwater. B. Indirect to surface and/or groundwater.	5 points 4 points
	C. Suspected to surface and/or groundwater.	
	D. Not known for sure.	3 points
		2 points
	E. No pathway.	0 points
3.	Characteristics of Human Population?	
	A. High density.	5 points
	B. Medium density.	4 points
	C. Low density.	3 points
	D. No population.	2 points
	• •	
4.	Characteristics of Natural Environment?	
	A. Critical habitat including endangered	
	species, etc.	5 points
	B. Sensitive habitat.	3 points
	C. Common less sensitive habitat.	2 points
5.	How is Human Population Affected By Site?	
•	A. Public utility of drinking water	
	from site.	5 points
	B. Direct public access to site.	4 points
	C. Public access to affected	
	surface water.	3 points
	D. Only potential for human	
	population contact.	2 points
	E. Low or no potential for contact.	1 point
6.	Facility Management Practices at Site?	
υ.		
	A. Site actively supervised and managed currently with monitoring reports and	
	other permit and report requirements.	1 point
	B. Site inadequately managed records	_ I point
		2 nointe
	not up-to-date.	3 points

	С.	Site not currently managed or regulated.	4 points
	D.	Abandon site.	5 points
7.		ential Responsible Parties for Site perations?	
		Controlling party identified and accepts responsibility for site.	l point
	В.	Suspected controlling party identified but does not accept responsibility for site.	4 points
	С.	No responsible party available.	5 points
Ran	king	Score = N/A	
_	0	x + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+

TABLE 1. Ranking Assessment

NUMERICAL RANGE	PRIORITY ASSESSMENT
0-50 50-150	NONE LOW
150-300	MEDIUM
300 - 450	HIGH

Ranking Score:

Priority Assessment: NONE

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMEN. EPS FORM 3012-I EPS ANALYST/REVIEWER CHECKLIST

Site No. ALDO67129676 Site Name MARTIN INDUSTRI

Instructions:

To be used in conjunction with EPA Form 2070-12 (7-81). Attach on inside front site folder. Initial and date for all assessment entries under appropriate part/subpart as completed. initial/date in black for final assessment; in red higher level (additional) assessment is in order. Follow same procedure for

TΕ

review process.

Review Codes:

1-Toxicology Review; 2-Chemical Review; 3-Ecology Review; 4-Chemical Engineer Review; 5-Geotechnical Review; 6-Project Manager Review; 7-Final Review

			l. ANALY	ST/REVIEW	STATUS			
Form 2070	Analyst/	Review	Review	Review	Review	Review	Review	Review
Part Number	Date	Code 1	Code 2	Code 3	Code 4	Code 5	Code 6	Code 7
1.IVI.	/ 21					-	0, 01	Luciali.
	82n X /8-15-84				 	ļ	25 MMAI	Jun 9/16
2.1.							ļ	
2.11.					ļ	ļ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.111.							-	
2.IV.								···
2.V.			.	ļ	ļ	ļ	 	
2.VI.	822/8-15-84						mollo	Jun 8/16
							[
3.I.							ļ	
3.II.A								
3.11.B								
3.II.C								
3.II.D								
3.11.E								
3.II.F								
3.11.G								
3.II.H			L					L
3.II.I								
3.II.J						<u> </u>		
3.II.K								
3.II.L								
3.II.M								
3.II.N								
3.11.0								
3.11.2								
3.111.								
3.IV.								
							T	

[&]quot;No further assessment/review required, enter NA

3.V.

IMALERIAL SAFELY DATA SHEET

COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED

(Approved by U.S. Department of Labor "Essentially Similar" to Form OSHA-20)

2/20/86 E OF PREP.

Section I

PIEDMONT PAINT MFG. COMPANY

NORTH KINGS ROAD IEET ADDRESS

CITY, STATE, AND ZIP CODE

29606 GREENVILLE, S.C.

(803) 277-5542

ERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

Modified Silicone DUCTCLASS

MANUFACTURERS CODE IDENTIFICATION

8696

NDENAME Hi Heat Metallic Brown Paint

	Section II - HAZARDOU	SINGREDIE	NTS	,	
REDIENT	PERCENT VOLUME	PPM	mg/M*	LEL	PEL
Xylene Toluene Butyl Alcohol Mineral Spir		100 100 50 100		1.0 1.0 1.4 1:0	100 100 100 500

Section III - PHYSICAL DATA LIGHTER, THAN AIR VAPOR DENSITY X HEAVIER LING RANGE 230°F/300°F WEIGHT PER PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME 8.20# FASTER X SLOWER, THAN ETHER 85.7

Section IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

reategory Red Label, Flammable Flash Point Below 80°F

45°F TCC FLASH POINT

LELSEE SECTIO II

INGUISHING MEDIA

CO2, Dry Powder or Foam

JSUAL FIREAND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep Away From OPEN FLAME, FIRE, OR HEAT

"AL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Water is unsuitable on the burning liquid, water fog may be used to cool closed drums. Full protective equipment to include self-contained breathing apparatus, is to be worn by firefighters.

	The state of the s
	Section V — HEALTH HAZARD DATA
RESHOLD LIMIT VALUE	SEE SECTION 2
FECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	TEMPORARY NAUSEA, DIZZINESS, AND BLURRED VISION
ERGENCY AND FIRST AID PR	, OCEDURES
	REMOVE TO FRESH AIR, LAY DOWN AND GIVE OXYGEN
	Section VI — REACTIVITY DATA
EBILITY UNSTABLE COMPATABILITY (MATERIALS ZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION NONE ZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION NOITIONS TO AVOID	STABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID PRODUCTS MAY OCCUR WILL NOT OCCUR
	Section VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
	TERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED NT MATERIAL AND REMOVE WITH A NON-SPARKLING SHOVEL
STE DISPOSAL METHOD BURY IN A PRO	PERLY DESIGNATED DRY LANDFILL
	Section VIII — SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION
PIPATORY PROTECTION	
RESPIRATORY P	ROTECTION SHOULD BE WORN WHEN USING IN A POORLY EA.
SUFFICIENT TO	KEEP THE VAPORS BELOW THE TLV SHOWN ABOVE
TECTIVE GLOVES NA	TEC CUMIN DE LIMBN TO DECTECT FROM CRINCHES AND CRITIC

PROTECTIVE GLOVES NA
PROTECTION GOGGLES SHOULD BE WORN TO PROTECT FROM SPLASHES AND SPILLS
TER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT NA

Section IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

CAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

: ...

STORE INA A PROPERLY DESIGNATED AREA FOR FLAMMABLE STORAGE AVOID PROLONGED CONTACT WITH THE SKIN? GROUND CONTAINERS WHEN POURING FROM ONE TO ANOTHER.

ADEM

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



Leigh Pegues, Director

1751 Federal Drive Montgomery, AL 36130 205/271-7700 August 9, 1988

MEMORANDUM

Field Offices:

TO:

Ron Gore

Air Division

Unit 806, Building 8 225 Oxmoor Circle Birmingham, AL 35209 205/942-6168

FROM:

Brien Diggs

Field Operations Division

 $B \cup$

REGARDING:

Martin Industries - Sheffield, Alabama

P.O. Box 953 Decatur, AL 35602 205/353-1713

2204 Perimeter Road Mobile, AL 36615 205/479-2336 On August 2, 1988, staff members of the Field Operations Division of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management conducted a CERCLA site screening investigation of the Martin Industries facility in Colbert County at Sheffield, Alabama. During the plant tour and interview with Mr. Mitchell Stevens, plant manager, it was discovered that the plant runs stacks for emission of toluene and xylene vapors. These stacks are not monitored and should be checked out by Air Division.

If there are any questions, please see me or Clay Scott.

BD:cb

SEPTEMBER 29, 1988

MARTIN INDUSTRIES SHEFFIELD, ALABAMA COLBERT COUNTY ALD 067129676

On August 2, 1988, staff members of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), conducted a CERCLA site screening investigation of Martin Industries, in Sheffield/Colbert County, Alabama. The following ADEM personnel was present during the inspection:

Clayton Scott Brien Diggs ADEM/FOD ADEM/FOD

Mr. Dan Thoman, USEPA was also present during the inspection. Mr. Mitchell Stephens of Martin Industries escorted us through the facility, both inside, outside and onto the adjacent vacant property. He stated that no waste is stored or disposed of on site.

Martin Industries manufactures stoves and fireplace inserts. The stoves are finished/painted and shipped for sale from the Sheffield facility. Currently approximately 30 persons are employed according to Mr. Stephens. As for paint sludge, solvents are evacuated through a series of corrugated paper baffles and out through ceiling stacks/vents. The corrugated paper baffles are then disposed of with sanitary refuse. There is no waste stream of any kind at this time unless air is considered. No samples were deemed necessary at the time of the inspection and thus no samples were taken.

Xylene and Toluene storage tanks do exist on the premises, are used as paint thinner, and have a containment wall around them in the event a leak should occur. (See photographs)

Mr. Stephens was requested to notify this office in the event that the facility were to change its' process.

Clayton N. Scott

Compliance/Emergency Response Section

Field Operations Division

- 7 -

SECTION VI - SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY CRITERIA

A. PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

Best Usage of Waters: Source of water supply for drinking or foodprocessing purposes.*

Conditions Related to Best Usage: The waters, if subjected to treatment approved by the State Department of Public Health equal to coagulation, sedimentation, filtration and disinfection, with additional treatment if necessary to remove naturally present impurities, and which meet the requirements of the State Department of Public Health, will be considered safe for drinking or food-processing purposes.

Items

- 1. Sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.
- 2. pH
- 3. Temperature

Specifications

None which are not effectively treated or controlled in accordance with Section V of these criteria.

Sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes shall not cause the pH to deviate more than one unit from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.0, nor greater than 8.5.

- a. The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs, other than those in river basins listed in Part b. hereof, shall not exceed $90^{\circ}F$.
- The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in the Tennessee and Cahaba River Basins, and for that portion of the Tallapoosa River Basin from the tailrace of Thurlow Dam at Tallassee downstream to the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers which has been designated by the Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources as supporting small—mouth bass, sauger, or walleye, shall not exceed 86°F.
- c. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 5°F in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in noncoastal and non-estuarine areas.

(3. Temperature - Cont'd)

- d. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 4°F in coastal or estuarine waters during the period October through May, nor shall the rise exceed 1.5°F during the period June through September.
- e. In lakes and reservoirs there shall be no withdrawal from, nor discharge of heated waters to, the hypolimnion unless it can be shown that such discharge or withdrawal will be beneficial to water quality.
- f. In all waters the normal daily and seasonal temperature variations that were present before the addition of artificial heat shall be maintained, and there shall be no thermal block to the migration of aquatic organisms.
- g. Thermal permit limitations in State discharge permits may be less stringent than those required by criteria a. - d. hereof when a showing by the discharger has been made pursuant to Section 316 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA), 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. or pursuant to a study of an equal or more stringent nature required by the State of Alabama authorized by Title 22, Section 22-22-9(c), Code of Alabama, 1975, that such limitations will assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife, in and on the body of water to which the discharge is made. Any such demonstration shall take into account the interaction of the thermal discharge component with other pollutants discharged.

4. Dissolved Oxygen

For a diversified warm water biota, including game fish, daily dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l at all times; except under extreme conditions due to natural causes, it may range between 5 mg/l and 4 mg/l, provided that the water quality is favorable in all other parameters. The normal seasonal and daily fluctuations shall be maintained above these levels. In no event shall the dissolved oxygen level be less than 4 mg/l due to discharges from existing impoundments. All new impoundments shall be

(4. Dissolved Oxygen - Cont'd)

designed so that the discharge will contain at least 5 mg/l dissolved oxygen where practicable and technologically possible. The Environmental Protection Agency, in cooperation with the State of Alabama and parties responsible for impoundments, shall develop a program to improve the design of existing facilities.

In coastal waters surface dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except where natural phenomena cause the value to be depressed.

In estuaries and tidal tributaries, dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except in dystrophic waters or where natural conditions cause the value to be depressed.

In the application of dissolved oxygen criteria referred to above, dissolved oxygen shall be measured at a depth of 5 feet in waters 10 feet or greater in depth; and for those waters less than 10 feet in depth, dissolved oxygen criteria will be applied at mid-depth.

Only such amounts, whether alone or in combination with other substances, and only such temperatures as will not render the waters unsafe or unsuitable as a source of water supply for drinking or food-processing purposes, or injurious to fish, wildlife and aquatic life, or adversely affect the aesthetic value of waters for any use under this classification.

Only such amounts, whether alone or in combination with other substances or wastes, as will not cause taste and odor difficulties in water supplies which cannot be corrected by treatment as specified under "Conditions Related to Best Usage," or impair the palatability of fish.

Bacteria of the fecal coliform group shall not exceed a geometric mean of 2,000/100 ml; nor exceed a maximum of 4,000/100 ml in any sample.

- Toxic substances; color producing; heated liquids; or other deleterious substances attributable to sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.
- 6. Taste and odor producing substances attributable to sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.
- 7. Bacteria

(7. Bacteria - Cont'd)

The geometric mean shall be calculated from no less than five samples collected at a given station over a 30-day period at intervals not less than 24 hours. The membrane filter counting procedure will be preferred, but the multiple tube technique (five-tube) is acceptable.

8. Radioactivity

No radionuclide or mixture of radionuclides shall be present at concentrations greater than those specified by the requirements of the State Department of Public Health.

9. Turbidity

There shall be no turbidity of other than natural origin that will cause substantial visible contrast with the natural appearance of waters or interfere with any beneficial uses which they serve. Furthermore, in no case shall turbidity exceed 50 Nephelometric units above background. Background will be interpreted as the natural condition of the receiving waters, without the influence of man-made or man-induced causes. Turbidity levels caused by natural runoff will be included in establishing background levels.

*NOTE: In determining the safety or suitability of waters for use as sources of water supply for drinking or food-processing purposes after approved treatment, the Commission will be guided by the physical and chemical standards specified by the State Department of Public Health.

B. SWIMMING AND OTHER WHOLE BODY WATER-CONTACT SPORTS

Best Usage of Waters: Swimming and other whole body water-contact sports.*

Conditions Related to Best Usage: The waters, under proper sanitary supervision by the controlling health authorities, will meet accepted standards of water quality for outdoor swimming places and will be considered satisfactory for swimming and other whole body water-contact sports. The quality of waters will also be suitable for the propagation of fish, wildlife and aquatic life. The quality of salt waters and estuarine waters to which this classification is assigned will be suitable for the propagation and harvesting of shrimp and crabs.

Items

- 1. Sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.
- 2. pH

3. Temperature

Specifications

None which are not effectively treated or controlled in accordance with Section V of these criteria.

Sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes shall not cause the pH to deviate more than one unit from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.0, nor greater than 8.5. For estuarine waters and salt waters to which this classification is assigned, wastes as described herein shall not cause the pH to deviate more than one unit from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.5, nor greater than 8.5.

- a. The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs, other than those in river basins listed in Part b. hereof, shall not exceed $90^{\circ}F$.
- b. The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in the Tennessee and Cahaba River Basins, and for that portion of the Tallapoosa River Basin from the tailrace of Thurlow Dam at Tallassee downstream to the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers which has been designated by the Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources as supporting smallmouth bass, sauger, or walleye, shall not exceed 86°F.

(3. Temperature - Cont'd)

- c. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 5°F in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in non-coastal and non-estuarine areas.
- d. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 4°F in coastal or estuarine waters during the period October through May, nor shall the rise exceed 1.5°F during the period June through September.
- e. In lakes and reservoirs there shall be no withdrawal from, nor discharge of heated waters to, the hypolimnion unless it can be shown that such discharge or withdrawar will be beneficial to water quality.
- f. In all waters the normal daily and seasonal temperature variations that were present before the addition of artificial heat shall be maintained, and there shall be no thermal block to the migration of aquatic organisms.
- Thermal permit limitations in State discharge permits may be less stringent than those required by criteria a. - d. hereof when a showing by the discharger has been made pursuant to Section 316 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA), 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. or pursuant to a study of an equal or more stringent nature required by the State of Alabama authorized by Title 22, Section 22-22-9(c), Code of Alabama, 1975, that such limitations will assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife, in and on the body of water to which the discharge is made. Any such demonstration shall take into account the interaction of the thermal discharge component with other pollutants discharged.

4. Dissolved Oxygen

For a diversified warm water biota, including game fish, daily dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l at all times; except under extreme conditions due to natural causes, it may range between 5 mg/l and 4 mg/l, provided that the water quality is favorable in all other

(4. Dissolved Oxygen - Cont'd)

parameters. The normal seasonal and daily fluctuations shall be maintained above these levels. In no event shall the dissolved oxygen level be less than 4 mg/l due to discharges from existing impoundments. All new impoundments shall be designed so that the discharge will contain at least 5 mg/l dissolved oxygen where practicable and technologically possible. The Environmental Protection Agency in cooperation with the State of Alabama and parties responsible for impoundments, shall develop a program to improve the design of existing facilities.

In coastal waters surface dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except where natural phenomena cause the value to be depressed.

In estuaries and tidal tributaries, dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except in dystrophic waters or where natural conditions cause the value to be depressed.

In the application of dissolved oxygen criteria referred to above, dissolved oxygen shall be measured at a depth of 5 feet in waters 10 feet or greater in depth; and for those waters less than 10 feet in depth, dissolved oxygen criteria will be applied at mid-depth.

Only such amounts, whether alone or in combination with other substances or wastes, as will not render the water unsafe or unsuitable for swimming and water-contact sports; be injurious to fish, wildlife, and aquatic life or, where applicable, shrimp and crabs; impair the palatability of fish, or, where applicable, shrimp and crabs; impair the waters for any other usage established for this classification or unreasonably affect the aesthetic value of waters for any use under this classification.

Waters in the immediate vicinity of discharges of sewage or other wastes likely to contain bacteria harmful to humans, regardless of the degree of treatment afforded these wastes*, are not acceptable for swimming or other whole body water-contact sports.

5. Toxic substances; color producing substances; odor producing substances; or other deleterious substances attributable to sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.

6. Bacteria

(6. Bacteria - Cont'd)

In all other areas, the bacterial quality of water is acceptable when a sanitary survey reveals no source of dangerous pollution and when the geometric mean fecal coliform organism density does not exceed 100/100 ml in coastal waters and 200/100 ml in other waters. When the geometric mean fecal coliform organism density exceeds these levels, the bacterial water quality shall be considered acceptable only if a second detailed sanitary survey and evaluation discloses no significant public health risk in the use of the waters.

The policy of nondegradation of high quality waters shall be stringently applied to bacterial quality of recreational waters.

The concentrations of radioactive materia's

present shall not exceed the requirement of the State Department of Public Health.

There shall be no turbidity of other than natural origin that will cause substantial visible contrast with the natural appearance of waters or interfere with any beneficial uses which they serve. Furthermore, in no case shall turbidity exceed 50 Nephelometric units above background. Background will be interpreted as the natural condition of the receiving waters, without the influence of man-made or man-induced causes. Turbidity levels caused by natural runoff will be included in establishing background levels.

In assigning this classification to waters intended for swimming and watercontact sports, the Commission will take into consideration the relative proximity of discharges of wastes and will recognize the potential hazards involved in locating swimming areas close to waste discharges. The Commission will not assign this classification to waters, the bacterial quality of which is dependent upon adequate disinfection of waste and where the interruption of such treatment would render the water unsafe for bathing.

7. Radioactivity

8. Turbidity

D. FISH AND WILDLIFE

Best Usage of Waters: Fishing, propagation of fish, aquatic life, and wildlife, and any other usage except for swimming and water-contact sports or as a source of water supply for drinking or food-processing purposes.

Conditions Related to Best Usage: The waters will be suitable for fish, aquatic life and wildlife propagation. The quality of salt and estuarine waters to which this classification is assigned will also be suitable for the propagation of shrimp and crabs.

Items

- 1. Sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.
- 2. pH

3. Temperature

Specifications

None which are not effectively treated in accordance with Section V of these criteria.

Sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes shall not cause the pH to deviate more than one unit from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.0, nor greater than 8.5. For salt waters and estuarine waters to which this classification is assigned, wastes as herein described shall not cause the pH to deviate more than one unit from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.5, nor greater than 8.5.

- a. The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs, other than those in river basins listed in Part b. hereof, shall not exceed 90°F.
- b. The maximum temperature in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in the Tennessee and Cahaba River Basins, and for that portion of the Tallapoosa River Basin from the tailrace of Thurlow Dam at Tallassee downstream to the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers which has been designated by the Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources as supporting smallmouth bass, sauger, or walleye, shall not exceed 86°F.
- c. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 5°F in streams, lakes, and reservoirs in non-coastal and non-estuarine areas.

(3. Temperature - Cont'd)

- d. The maximum in-stream temperature rise above ambient water temperature due to the addition of artificial heat by a discharger shall not exceed 4°F in coastal or estuarine waters during the period October through May, nor shall the rise exceed 1.5°F during the period June through September.
- e. In lakes and reservoirs there shall be no withdrawal from, nor discharge of heated waters to, the hypolimnion unless it can be shown that such discharge or withdrawal will be beneficial to water quality.
- f. In all waters the normal daily and seasonal temperature variations that were present before the addition of artificial heat shall be maintained, and there shal' be no thermal block to the migration of aquatic organisms.
- Thermal permit limitations in State discharge permits may be less stringent than those required by criteria a. - d. hereof when a showing by the discharger has been made pursuant to Section 316 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA), 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. or pursuant to a study of an equal or more stringent nature required by the State of Alabama authorized by Title 22, Section 22-22-9(c), Code of Alabama, 1975, that such limitations will assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife, in and on the body of water to which the discharge is made. Any such demonstration shall take into account the interaction of the thermal discharge component with other pollutants discharged.

For a diversified warm water biota, including game fish, daily dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l at all times; except under extreme conditions due to natural causes, it may range between 5 mg/l and 4 mg/l, provided that the water quality is favorable in all other parameters. The normal seasonal and daily fluctuations shall be maintained above these levels. In no event shall the dissolved oxygen level be less than 4 mg/l due to discharges from existing impoundments. All new impoundments shall be designed so that the discharge will

4. Dissolved Oxygen

(4. Dissolved Oxygen - Cont'd)

contain at least 5 mg/l dissolved oxygen where practicable and technologically possible. The Environmental Protection Agency in cooperation with the State of Alabama and parties responsible for impoundments, shall develop a program to improve the design of existing facilities.

In coastal waters, surface dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except where natural phenomena cause the value to be depressed.

In estuaries and tidal tributaries, dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 5 mg/l, except in dystrophic waters or where natural conditions cause the value to be depressed.

In the application of dissolved oxygen criteria referred to above, dissolved oxygen shall be measured at a depth of 5 feet in waters 10 feet or greater in depth; and for those waters less than 10 feet in depth, dissolved oxygen criteria will be applied at mid-depth.

Only such amounts, whether alone or in combination with other substances, as will not be injurious to fish and aquatic life, including shrimp and crabs in estuarine or salt waters or the propagation thereof; not to exceed one-tenth of the 96-hour median tolerance limit for fish and aquatic life, including shrimp and crabs in salt and estuarine waters, except that other limiting concentrations may be used when factually justified and approved by the Commission.

Only such amounts, whether alone or in combination with other substances, as will not be injurious to fish and aquatic life, including shrimp and crabs in estuarine and salt waters or adversely affect the propagation thereof; impair the palatability or marketability of fish and wildlife or shrimp and crabs in estuarine and salt waters; unreasonably affect the aesthetic value of waters for any use under this classification.

5. Toxic substances attributable to sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.

 Taste, odor, and colorproducing substances attributable to sewage, industrial wastes, and other wastes.

- 7. Bacteria
- 8. Radioactivity
- 9. Turbidity

Bacteria of the fecal coliform group shall not exceed a geometric mean of 1,000/100 ml on a monthly average value; nor exceed a maximum of 2,000/100 ml in any sample.

The concentrations of radioactive materials present shall not exceed the requirements of the State Department of Public Health.

There shall be no turbidity of other than natural origin that will cause substantial visible contrast with the natural appearance of waters or interfere with any beneficial uses which they serve. Furthermore, in no case shall turbidity exceed 50 Nephelometric rits above background. Background will be interpreted as the natural condition of the receiving waters without the influence of man-made or man-induced causes. Turbidity levels caused by natural runoff will be included in establishing background levels.

THE TALLAPOOSA RIVER BASIN

INTRASTATE WATERS (cont.)					
Stream	From	<u>To</u>	Classifi- cation(s)		
Town Creek	High Pine Creek	Its source	A& I		
Hutton Creek	TALLAPOOSA RIVER	Its source	F&W		
Beaverdam Creek	TALLAPOOSA RIVER	Its source	F&W		
Crooked Creek	TALLAPOOSA RIVER	Alabama Highway 9	F&W		
Crooked Creek	Alabama Highway 9	Its source	PWS/F&W		
Horsetrough Creek	Crooked Creek	Its source	F&W		
Wedowee Creek	Little Tallapoosa River	Its source	F&W		
Cahulga Creek	TALLAPOOSA RIVER	U. S. Highway 78	F&W		
Cahulga Creek	U .S. Highway 78	Its source	PWS/F&W		
	THE TENNESSEE RIV	ER BASIN			
INTERSTATE WATERS			Classifi-		
Stream	From	<u>To</u>	cation(s)		
TENNESEE RIVER Pickwick Lake	Alabama-Tennessee state line	Lower end of Seven Mile Island	PWS/S/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Pickwick Lake	Lower end of Seven Mile Island	Sheffield water intake	F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Pickwick Lake	Sheffield water intake	Wilson Dam	PWS/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Wilson and Wheeler Lakes	Wilson Dam	Elk River	PWS/S/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Wheeler Lake	Elk River	U. S. Highway 31 (see Note 1 this basin)	S/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Wheeler Lake	U. S. Highway 31	Flint Creek	PWS/S/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Wheeler Lake	Flint Creek	Cotaco Creek	S/F&W		
TENNESSEE RIVER Wheeler Lake	Cotaco Creek	Indian Creek	PWS/S/F&W		

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		-3-			
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OVERSIZED DOCUMENT

O EDA	PO1		DOUS WASTE ST		L IDENTIFICATION
SEPA	PART 1 - BIT	SITE INSPECT E LOCATION AM	TION REPORT DIMEPECTION IMPO	1	AL D067129676
B. BITE HAME AND LOC	CATION				
01 87E WE A			OF STREET, NOUTE NO.	CHIPECIPE LOCATION &	
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Clayton /	W. Scott		M/FOD		66 Mathematics (2005) 271-793
LARRY O. I	Signs, Jr.	ADEM	FOD	305-271-	-
PA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)	CHI.				

Facility name Martin Industries Inc.
Location Calbert County, Alabama
EPA Region //
Person(s) in charge of the facility: Mitchell Stephens
Name of Reviewer: <u>LATTY O. Diags</u> Jr. Date: 11-8-88 General description of the facility!
(For example: landfill, surface impoundment, pile, container; types of hazardous substances; location of the
facility; contamination routs of major concern; types of information needed for rating; agency action, etc.)
Finisher/painter of wood burning stoves
and fireplace inserts Produces small
quantities of spent xylene and toluene
which are disposed of at a permitted
land fill site
•
Scores: S _M = 4.54 (S _{gw} = 4.94 S _{gw} = 6.06 S _a =)
SpE =
s _{oc} =

FIGURE 1 HRS COVER SHEET

		Surface Water	Route Work Shee	t			
Pating Factor		Assigned (Circle C		Multi- plier	Score	Max Score	Ref (Section)
1 Observed Release	ise	0	45	1	0	45	4 1
i	-	n a value of 45, pro n a value of 0, proc					
2 Route Characte Facility Slope		oning (0 1 2 3	FS <3% IT <3%	1	0	3	4 2
Terrain 1-yr. 24-hr. Ra Distance to N) 3.5 inchi 1 mile	25 1 2	3 4	3 6	
Water Physical State		0 1 2 3) Sludge	1	3	3	
		Total Route Charac	cteristics Score		10	15	
3 Containment	Drum	5 0 1 2 3		1	1	3	4.3
Waste Characte Toxicity/Persi Hazardous Wa Quantity	stence XY	lene 0 3 6 6)12 15 18 4 5 6 7 8	1	9 1	18 8	4.4
1	shipped	to disposa	1 facility				
		Tota: Weste Chara	cteristics Score		10	26	
5 Targets Surface Water Distance to a Environment	Use wa	nking of 2 TER 0 1 2	o	3 2	9	9 6	4:5
Population Se to Water Inta Downstream	ved / Distan	co 0 4 6 les 12 16 18	8 10 20 35 40	1	30	40	
		Total Target	s Score		39	55	
6 If line 1 is 4 If line 1 is 0		1 x 4 x 5 2 x 3 x 4 ,	5		3900	64.350	
7 Divide line 6	by 64.350	and multiply by 100		S _{sw} -	6.06		

FIGURE 7
SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

		G	round Water Route Work Shee	t			
	Rating Factor		Assigned value (Circle One)	Muiti- blier	Score	Max Score	Ref (Section)
0	Observed Release		() 45	1	0	45	3 1
		_	core of 45, proceed to line 2				
2	Route Characteristic Depth to Aquifer o Concern 21 -	of	0 1 ② 3	2	4	6	3 2
	Net Precipitation 3 Permeability of the Unsaturated Zone	12 inches	0 1 Q 3 0 1 Q 3 0 1 Q 3	1	22	3 3	
	Physical State 5	سطعو	0 1 2 3	1		3	
		Tota	Route Characteristics Score		11	15	
3	Containment Dru	ms	0 ① 2 3	1	1	3	3.3
a	Waste Characteristic Toxicity/Persisten Hazardous Waste Quantity 1 d	rum /mth	0 00 2 3 00 5 6 7 8	1	9 1	18	3.4
	Γ	Tota	Waste Characteristics Score		10	26	
9	Ground Water Use Distance to Nearet Well/Population	st	0 1 2 3 0 4 6 4 10 12 16 18 20 24 30 32 35 40	3	6 20	9 40	3.5
			Total Targets Score		26	49	
6		ultiply 1 Itiply 2 x			2860	57.330	
7	Divide line 6 by	57.330 and r	multiply by 100	Sgw-	4.99	·	

FIGURE 2
GROUND WATER ROUTE WORK SHEET

		-	Air	Rout	te Wo	rk Sh	ee:				
	Pating Factor				d Vaid One:			Mu 1. pher	Score	Max Score	eg. Setton
0	Observed Release	•	0			45		1		45	5 '
	Date and Location		<u>.</u>		<u>-</u>						
	Sampling Protocol	l									-
	If line 1 is 0, t If line 1 is 45.	_			3						
2	Waste Characteris Reactivity and	tics	0 1	2	3			1		3	5.2
	Incompatibility Toxicity Hazardous Waste Quantity	•	0 1	2	3 3 4	5 (3 7	8 1	•	9	
		То	ital Waste	Chai	racter	ristics	Score			20	
3	Targets Population Within		} 0 9					1	L	30	5.3
•	4-Mile Radius Distance to Sens Environment	itıv⊕) 21 24 0 1		3			2		6	
	Land Use		0 1	2	3			1		3	
			Total	Targ	jets S	core				39	
4	Multiply 1 x	2 × 3								35.100	
3	Divide line 4 b	y 35,100 and	multiply	by 1	00			s, -	0		

FIGURE 9
AIR ROUTE WORK SHEET

• • •	s	s ²
Groundwater Route Score (Sgw)	4.99	24.89
Surface Water Route Score (S _{SW})	6.06	36.73
Air Route Score (Sa)	0	
$s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2$		61,62
$\sqrt{s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_s^2}$		7.85
$\sqrt{s_{gw}^2 + s_{sw}^2 + s_a^2} / 1.73 - s_M -$		4.54

FIGURE 10 WORKSHEET FOR COMPUTING S_M

THECONNAISSANCE CHECKLIST FOR HRS2 CONCERNS

Instructions: Obtain as much "up front" information as possible prior to conducting fieldwork. Complete the form in as much detail as you can, providing attachments as necessary. Cite the source for all information obtained.

Site name: Martin Industries, Inc. City, County, State: Sheffield, Colbert, AL.

EPA 10 No.: ALD 067129676

Person responsible for form: L.O. Diggs, Jr.

Date: 11-8-8%

Air Pathway

Describe any potential air emission sources onsite: Vent stacks for xylene, toluene Identify any sensitive environments within 4 miles: No.

Identify the maximally exposed individual (nearest residence or regularly occupied building - workers do count): Plant employee

Groundwater Pathway

Identify any areas of karst terrain: Karst terrain dominates area.

See Geologist Report

Identify additional population due to consideration of wells completed in overlying aquifers to the

AOC: None

Do significant targets exist between 3 and 4 miles from the site? Ye. 5

Is the AOC a sole source aquifer according to Safe Drinking Water Act? (i.e. is the site located in Dade, Broward, Volusia, Putnem, or Flager County, Florida)

Surface Water Pathway

Are there intakes located on the extended 15-mile migration pathway?

Are there recreational areas, sensitive environments, or human food chain targets (fisheries) along the extended pathway?

Onsite Exposure Pathway

Is there waste or contaminated soil onsite at 2 feet below land surface or higher?

Is the site accessible to non-employees (workers do not count)? No

Are there residences, schools, or daycare centers onsite or in close proximity? # 1/2.5

Are there barriers to travel (e.g., a river) within one mile?

REGION: 04 STATE : AL

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE C E R C L A

PAGE: 1090 RUN DATE: 85/06/03 RUN TIME: 19:06:17

M.2 - SITE MAINTENANCE FORM

		* ACTION: _
EPA ID: ALD067129676		
SITE NAME: MARTIN INDUSTRIES INC	SOURCE: H	*
STREET: 1604 17TH AVE SW	CONG DIST: 05	*
CITY: SHEFFIELD 2	ZIP: 35660	*
CNTY NAME: COLBERT	CNTY CODE: 033	*
LATITUDE: 34/45/23.0 LONGITUDE: 087/42/15	5.0	* _/_/
SMSA: 2650 HYDRO UNIT: 06030005		*
INVENTORY IND: Y REMEDIAL IND: Y REMOVAL IN	D: N FED FAC IND: N	*
NPL IND: N NPL LISTING DATE: NPL DELI	STING DATE:	*/_
APPROACH: SITE CLASS:		*
SITE/SPILL IDS:		*
RPM NAME: RPM PHONE:		*
DIOXIN TIER: REG FLD1: REG FLD2	2: 6	*
RESP TERM: PENDING () NO FURTHER ACTION ()	O	* PENDING (_) NO FURTHER ACTION (_)
ENF DISP: NO VIABLE RESP PARTY () VOLUNTARY	(RESPONSE ()	*
ENFORCED RESPONSE () COST RECO	OVERY ()	*
SITE DESCRIPTION:		
		*
		*
		*
•		*

7

2. PROJECT MANAGEMENT SUM Y

Site Name: MARTIN INDUSTRIES INC
Site Number: <u>AL D067/29676</u>
Owner: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC
Operator: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC.
Site Status: Active Inactive Unknown
Priority:
3. FINAL DISPOSITION
I. EPS Final Review - Date: 8/16/84 Comments:
Site Inspection Required // Yes // No
11. ADEM Review - Date: 9/7/84 Comments:
Follow-up Action Required /_/ Yes // No
III. Final Disposition: Review & revise Date: Edited & correct Date: Transmittel Date: File close-out Date: Initiate site inspection Date:
4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (ONGOING & FINAL)
TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE TITIS IS A RCRA FACILITY ONLY.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT EPS FORM 3012-III

INDUSTRIAL NARRATIVE SHEET

1. Site Identification:

Site number: ALD067129676

Site name: Martin Industries, Inc.

Site county: Colbert

2. Industrial Narrative Summary:

Company Name: Martin Industries, Inc.

Address: P. O. Box 73

Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Telephone No.: 205-767-0330

Contact: Clarence Vaughn

Discussion:

Martin Industries, Inc. in Colbert County produces wood burning stoves, heaters and fireplace inserts. The site has been active since 1905. Between 1905 and 1974, the site was King Stove and Range Company. In 1974, three other businesses merged and the site became Martin Industries. Until 1975, a foundry was operated at the facility. Waste produced is believed to have been placed in the county landfill. Prior to 1980, other production waste was also placed in the county landfill.

Martin Industries applied for Interim Status in 1980. It was later determined that they did not need a storage permit. Interim Status was withdrawn. All hazardous waste produced currently is disposed of in an approved facility. No waste has been disposed of on-site.

3. Disposition:

No further action required under RCRA 3012. Program regulated as a generator by ADEM.

4. Comments:

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT EPS FORM 3012-II

TELEPHONE LOG SHEET

l.	Site Identification:
	Site number: <u>ALD 067/29676</u>
	Site name: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC
2.	Interview Data: (Party called)
	Name: CLARENCE VAUGHN
	Position: A-D
	Position: PERSONNEL DIRECTOR
	Firm: MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC
	Address: <u>P.O. Box 73</u>
	SHEFFIELD AL 35660
	Telephone No.: (205) 767-0330
	•
3.	EPS Analyst Data:
	Name: STEVEN M. HORNUNG
	Purpose of call: CONFIRM INFO. ON P.A.
	Form 2070-12 (7-81) P.N. PART /
	Date of call: WED AUG 15, 1984
	-hlettlelett to
4 .	Interview Narrative Summary: MARTIN INDUSTRIES PRODUCES WOOD FURNACES
- .	12 CIRCRIAGE THE RESIDENCE THE RESIDENCE TO THE PROPERTY OF TH
	ID FIREPLACE INSERTS. THE PLANT WAS ORIGINALLY KING STOVE &
	INGE COMPANY STARTED IN 1905. THE PLANT HAD FOUNDRIES BACK
Z	HEN. IN 1974, FOUR PLANTS, HUNTSVILLE, FLORENCE, ATHENS AND
52	EFFIELD MERGED TO FORM MARTIN INDUSTRIES. THE FOUNDRY
	AS CLOSED IN 1975. THE FOUNDRY IS NOW AT THE FLORENCE
Pe	ANT. HE STARTED WORK IN 1974. FROM WHAT HE COULD FIND
00	IT WASTE PRODUCED PRIOR TO 1980 WAS PLACED IN THE
	UNTY LANDFILL. THIS INCLUDES THE FOUNDRY WASTE.
	CURRENTLY THEY PRODUCE APPROX. 1 DRUM OF WASTE PER MONTH
	MICH CONTAINS XYLENE AND PAINT WASTE. THIS IS SENT TO
	T. PLEASANT CHEM. CO. IN TENN. WASTE HAS ALSO GONE TO
	EM WASTE MANAGEMENT. THE PLANT HAS A NPDES PERMIT TO A
	TW FOR THEIR METAL RINSING WATER THEIR PHOSPHATE METAL
	EANING WASTE IS PUT IN A TANKER AND APPROX. EVERY 2 MONTHS
25	TAKEN TO THE HUNTSVILLE PLANT FOR TREATMENT.
_	
5.	Disposition/Comments:
ñ.	Comments: Any additional sites ased by this company?
- •	Location:
	Dates of use:
	Description of waste:
	Comments:

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SYSTEMS, INC. Alabama RCRA 3012 Site Ranking Scheme EPS Form 3012-V

Site Name <u>MARTIN INDUSTRIES</u> INC.
Site Number <u>ALD 067129676</u>

Preliminary Assessment Ranking Scheme to Determine Which Sites Merit Further Action.

(Select one answer for each of the following seven questions)

1.	Are Hazardous Substances Present?		
	A. Confirmed on site!	10 points	
	B. Suspected at site!	5 points	_
	C. It is unknown!	2 points	_
	D. No hazardous substances	0 points	-
	E. RCRA facility only!	0 points 0	
2.	Is There a Pollution Dispersal Pathway?		
٠.	A. Direct to surface and/or groundwater.	5 points	
	B. Indirect to surface and/or groundwater.	4 points	
	C. Suspected to surface and/or groundwater.	3 points	
	D. Not known for sure.	2 points	
	E. No pathway.	0 points	
3.	Characteristics of Human Population?		
	A. High density.	5 points	
	B. Medium density.	4 points	
	C. Low density.	3 points	
	D. No population.	2 points	
	and the property of the proper		
4.	Characteristics of Natural Environment?		
• •	A. Critical habitat including endangered		
	species, etc.	5 points	
	B. Sensitive habitat.	3 points	
	C. Common less sensitive habitat.		
	C. Common 1622 Senzitive nanitat.	2 points	
_	Harrier Human Banulakian Affraksi Bu Cikab		
5.	How is Human Population Affected By Site?		
	A. Public utility of drinking water		
	from site.	5 points	
	B. Direct public access to site.	4 points	
	C. Public access to affected		
	surface water.	3 points	
	D. Only potential for human		
	population contact.	2 points	
	E. Low or no potential for contact.	1 point	
	•		
6.	Facility Management Practices at Site?		
-	A. Site actively supervised and managed		
	currently with monitoring reports and		
	other permit and report requirements.	1 point	
	B. Site inadequately managed records	1 101110	
		2 nainte	
	not up-to-date.	3 points	

С.	Site not currently managed or regulated.	4 points
D.	Abandon site.	5 points
	ential Responsible Parties for Site	
Α.	Controlling party identified and accepts responsibility for site.	1 point
В.	Suspected controlling party identified but does not accept responsibility	
с.	for site. No responsible party available.	4 points 5 points

Ranking Score =

$$\frac{O}{\#1} \times \boxed{ \#2 + \#4 + (\#3 \times \#5) + \#6 + \#7 }$$

TABLE 1. Ranking Assessment

PRIORITY ASSESSMENT			
NONE			
LOW			
MEDIUM			
HIGH			

Ranking Score:

Priority Assessment: NONE

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE FE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT -EPS FORM 3012-I

Site No. ALDO67/29676
Site Name MARTIN INDUSTRI

EPS ANALYST/REVIEWER CHECKLIST

Instructions:

To be used in conjunction with EPA Form 2070-12 (7-81). Attach on inside front site folder. Initial and date for all assessment entries under appropriate part/subpart as completed. initial/date in black for final assessment; in red higher level (additional) assessment is in order. Follow same procedure for

review process.

Review Codes:

1-Toxicology Review; 2-Chemical Review; 3-Ecology Review; 4-Chemical Engineer Review; 5-Geotechnical Review; 6-Project Manager Review; 7-Final Review

ANALYST/REVIEW STATUS Form 2070 Analyst/ Review Review Review Review Review Review Review Part Number Date Code 1 Code 2 Code 3 Code 4 Code 5 Code 6 Code 7 1.I.-VI. 82nx/8-15-84 2.1. 2.II. 2.111. 2.IV. 2.V. EUM) 8116 8221/8-15-84 2.VI. 3.I. 3.II.A 3.11.B 3.II.C 3.II.D 3.II.E 3. II.F 3.II.G 3.II.H 3.II.I }.II.J 3.II.K 3.II.L 3.II.M 3.II.N 3.11.0 3. II.P 3.III. 3.IV. 3.V.

'No further assessment/review required, enter NA

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMEN

		IFICATION
١	OLSTATE	02 SITE NUMBER
ı	41	00/7/70/70

PART 1	SITE INFORMAT	ION A	ID ASSESSMEN	T 42	0067124616
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION		···			
01 SITE NAME (Legel, common, or descriptive name of atte)		02 STREE	T, ROUTE NO , OR SPE	CIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	
MARTIN INDUSTRIES, INC.		16	04 17 7	N AVE SW	
03 CITY		04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE 06 C	COUNTY	07COUNTY 08 CONG
SHEKKIELD		AL	35 660	COLBERT	033 05
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE LONG	GITUDE				
34 45 25. 087 4	215				
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest public road) ON THE WEST SIDE OF SHE	FFIELD O	CF (OF BUS.	ROUTE 43	
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES					
01 OWNER (H known)		02 STREE	T (Business, malling, resider	ntial)	
MARTIN INDUSTRIES, IN	c	P.C	, Box 73	3	
03 CITY	<u> </u>	04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 TELEPHONE NUMBER	T
SHEFFIELD,		AL	35660	12051 767-0330	1
07 OPERATOR (If known and different from owner)			T (Business melling, resider	<u></u>	<u> </u>
SAME	ļ				
Ó9 CITY		10 STATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE NUMBER ()	
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one) (F.A. PRIVATE [] B. FEDERAL. [] F. OTHER: [Sencity] 14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (Check all that apply)	(Ayencv name)		L. C. STATE		JNICIPAL
A. RCRA 3001 DATE RECEIVED: 11 19 80 MONTH DAY YEAR	B. UNCONTROLLE	D WAST	E SITE (CERCLA 103 c)	DATE RECEIVED:	L C. NONE
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD					
WYES DATE / /12/83 SA.E	k <i>eli the</i> Landor PA 1 B. EPA OCAL HEALTH OFFIC				CONTRACTOR
CONTR	ACTOR NAME(S).				
02 SITE STATUS (Check one)	OJ YEARS OF OPERA				
94. ACTIVE EBINACTIVE EC. UNKNOWN	1	GINNING YE	AR ENDING YEAR		N
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOWN, SPENT XYLENE & PAINT W.					
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND					
WASTE IS DEUMMED FOR					
INTERIM STATUS HAS 86	EEN WITH	DRA	WN. GEN	ERATOR ONL	<i>y</i>
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT					
O1 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one, It high or medium) is checked of A. HIGH [Inspection required promptly] [Inspection required promptly]	omplete Part 2 - Waste Into in		IND NONE	us Conditions and incidents; ction needed - cimplete current dispes	siten (orm)
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM					and the second s
O1 CONTACT	02 OF Agency Gryani at	irin.	······································		OCT LEPHONE NUMBER
STEVE MAURER SOM	ADEM				1205) 271-7728
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	05 AGENCY	US ORGA	INIZATION	07 TEEPHONE NUMBER	OB DATE
STEVEN M. HORNUNG		E	P5	1601 922-8242	8 15 84

ŞEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PRESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENT

	IDENTIFICATION						
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER						
AL	DO67129676						

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	AC 100	207127678
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)			
01 □ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	() ALLEGED
01 D K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)	02 [] OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 () L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 C) OBSERVED (DATE:)	- POTENTIAL	() ALLEGED
01 [] M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spillstrunofitstending banks fleeking drums) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	() POTENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
01 [] N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 (3 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGEO
01 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPS O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE)	C POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 (3 OBSERVED (DATE:)	[] POTENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEC	DED HAZAROS		
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
IV. COMMENTS			
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cité apécific references, e.g., state files, s	iample analysis, reports)		

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION IV

345 COURTLAND STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA 30365

AUG 1 5 1983

4AW-RM

Mr. Clarence Vaughn Martin Industries P. O. Box 739 Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Re: Request for Withdrawal of EPA Hazardous Waste Application Martin Industries - EPA I.D. No. ALD 067 129 676

Dear Mr. Vaughn:

This agency has been notified by the Hazardous Waste Agency of the State in which your facility is located, that your request for withdrawal of your Part A application has been granted.

Based on that information, EPA is closing our Part A file on your facility. Your EPA identification number will be retained in our data management system so that in the future, should the need arise, an EPA identification number will be available to you.

The RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR §265.112) require that an owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility submit his closure plan to the Director of the State Hazardous Waste Agency within 15 days after the termination of interim status. This is the first step in the initiation of closure procedures required under 40 CFR §\$265.110 to 265.120. Each of the states in Region IV of EPA has substantially equivalent state regulations. By copy of this letter, we are notifying the State Hazardous Waste Agency that all regulatory requirements for closure of your hazardous waste facility should be met and documented in their files.

If your facility is a generator which will continue to accumulate hazardous waste for short periods of time (less than 90 days) prior to shipment off site, you should be aware of the hazardous waste regulations which apply to generators who accumulate hazardous waste. In the Federal program these regulations are found in 40 CFR §262.34.

If there are any questions concerning this, please contact Nell Keever of my staff at the above address or by phone at (404) 881-3446.

Sincerely yours,

Joseph C. Waluty on

James H. Scarbrough, Chief Residuals Management Branch Air & Waste Management Division

cc: Alabama Department of Environmental Management



May 10, 1983



Mr. David L. Roberson Land Program Alabama Department of Environmental Management State Capitol Montgomery, AL 36130

Re: Financial Assurance and Liability Coverage

for Hazardous Waste TSD Facilities

Dear Mr. Roberson:

We have enclosed information requested in the referenced memorandum. We wish to demonstrate compliance with RCRA and State Regulations based on the fact that our Sheffield facility has withdrawn Part A application. This facility is no longer used for treatment storage or disposal of hazardous waste.

Should you require additional information, please call.

Sincerely,

Bill Hughey

Vice President - Manufacturing

BGH/jes

Enc.

cc: Bob Martin Clarence Vaughr



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT



ailing Address: tate Capitol
ontgomery, AL
,130
15/834-1303

RETURN TO: Land Program

Alabama Department of Environmental Management

ntgomery, AL 30 /834-1303		State (Capitol nery, Alabama 36130	
d Offices.	ATTENTIO	ON: David I	Roberson	
). Box 953	FACILITY	NAME:	Martin Industries,	Inc.
atur, AL 02	FACILITY	ID#:	ALD067129676	
353-1713	FACILITY	ADDRESS:	P.O. Box 730, 1604	17th Avenue SW,
806, Building 8			Sheffield, Alabama	35660
Oxmoor Circle ningham, AL	FACILITY	CONTACT:	Mr. Clarence Vaugh	n, Personnel Director
942-6168 8 Midmost Drive oile. AL 09 343-7841	to insurments for	e compliant or closure the necess	ce with the state and post-closure.	ill use the financial mechanism indicated financial assurance and liability require- It is our understanding that ADEM will sed on the information contained in this
3 Demetropolis Ad	I. CLO	SURE	POST CLOSURE	FINANCIAL MECHANISM
e 10 olle, AL 09	1.			Closure Trust Fund
660 0150	2.			Surety Bond Guaranteeing Payment into a Closure Trust Fund
	3		***************************************	Surety Bond Guaranteeing Performance of Closure (may be used only by facilities with Part B permit)
	4.			Closure Letter of Credit
	5			Closure Insurance
	6.			Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee for Closure
	7.			Use of Multiple Financial Mechanism (Further details supplied under comments section)
	8			Use of a Financial Mechanism for Multi- ple Facilities (Further details sup-
	9.	X Compan	y has withdrawn Pa	plied under comments section) rt A application. The facility is no longer

used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste.

STATE OF ALABAMA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Dr. Dewey A. White, Jr. Chairman

Thomas R DeBray
J Ernest Farnell, P E
Interim Co Directors

James W. Warr Interim Deputy Director



February 14, 1983

Commission Members
Thomas R. DeBray, Montgomery
Dr. Claire B. Liliott. Birmingham
J. Ernest Farnell, P.E., Mobile
Stanley L. Graves, Sylacauga
Dr. Cameron McDonald Birmingham
Russell L. Hiley, Auburn

Mailing Address
State Capitol
Montgomery AL 36130
Telephone 205 ∠77-3630

Mr. Clarence Vaughn Martin Industries P. O. Box 739 Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Re: ALD067129676

Dear Sir:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your request to withdraw your Part A, RCRA Permit Application. Since Alabama has Phase I Authorization, it will be our responsibility to determine if your request should be honored.

Based upon the information you supplied, it appears that your facility is no longer treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste and is, therefore, not subject to Alabama's Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. Therefore, your request to withdraw your Part A Application is granted. However, you should be aware that as a generator of hazardous waste you must meet the generator requirements of RCRA as specified in 40 CFR 202.

You should be aware that your request to withdraw interim status means that you may not treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste without a permit issued under the authority of Code of Ala. 1975, Section 22-30-12, as amended, and the Regulations adopted thereunder.

Should you have questions or comments, please feel free to contact this office.

Sincerely,

Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program Department of Environmental Management

BEC:rc

cc: Mr. James Scarbrough EPA Region IV

Martin Industries - 6/64+6.





February 7, 1983

Mr. Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program State of Alabama Department of Environmental Management State Capitol Montgomery, AL 36130

RE: Facility #ALD067129676

Dear Mr. Cox:

I am in receipt of your letter dated January 19, 1983, directed to Mr. L.H. Morton pertaining to the inspection, handling, and disposal of our hazardous waste material, namely Toluene and Xylene.

It is true that we handle a small amount of these waste solvents, generating less than 400 pounds of contaminated Toluene and Xylene per month. We use both to clean our paint lines and paint guns.

Since we only handle a small quantity of waste solvents, can we be excluded from regulations under Section 4-231 of the Hazardous Waste Regulations? If so, we would like to withdraw our Part A application.

Would you please take whatever action is necessary. Thanking you in advance, I am

Sincerely yours,

Clarence Vaughn

Personnel Director

CV/tb

cc: L. H. Morton

STATE OF ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT From the Above After theirs Thomas H. CeBrey, M. ct., mery Dr. Claire B. Elli II. B. (m) oft am J. Eithest Farnell, P.E., Mobile Starley L. Graves Sylarauga Dr. Cameron M. Donald, Romingham Rosselik Ring Autom Matterig Andress State Capitol Miles, mery Al Hills January 19, 1983 Tetep / New 2005 277 0876

Mr. L. H. Morton Production Superintendent Martin Industries, Inc. P. O. Box 730 Sheffield, Alabama 35660

Re: Facility #ALD067129676

Dear Mr. Morton:

Dr. Dewey A. White, Jr.

Thomas R. DeBray

James W. Wart interim Deputy Director

J. Ernest Fainell, P.E.

Interim Co Directors

Chairman

On January 12, 1983, Freda Griffis from this department inspected your plant for compliance with the State of Alabama Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. According to the RCRA Part A application which your company submitted to USEPA in November, 1980, and the Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity filed before that, your facility is a generator and a treatment, storage or disposal facility for hazardous waste. However, during the inspection mentioned above, it was noted that you only handle small quantities of waste, Toluene and Xylene. The other two wastes listed on your Part A application have been temporarily suspended from the regulations. If you only handle a small quantity of waste solvents, then your facility can be excluded from regulation under Section 4-231 of the Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. You may reduce the regulatory requirements for your plant by withdrawal of your Part A application.

Your current disposal practices for your waste solvents are acceptable. If there is any change in process that would alter any waste stream at your plant or if you disposal facilities or transporters, please notify this office.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Ms. Criffis at this office.

Sincerely,

Bernard E. Cox, Jr., Chief Industrial and Hazardous Waste Section Land Program

BEC:FG:rc

cc: Mike Hoover

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

	19 <i>G</i>			Report		
				- F -	245	6189107
i. Facility 10 #	<u> </u>	コ)			123	Vois
il. Facility Name_	MARTIN FUNDUSTS	PIES INC			031.	基
II. Location of Far	CILLY 1604 1774	_ ′			193	高
Cumata	2 11	•	(Street or Route N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CEA	. 2020
SHEFFIE	Colbert County	A14	BAMP	35660 ZIp Code	\0 <u>0</u>	Sher was
City	ontact <u>Clar ENCÉ</u>	Value	51876 つ の			
IV. Installation C	ontact <u>U/A/CENCE</u> Name	Magsn	Are	a Code Tetephon	0330 E	<u>X/ //3</u>
V. Ducino 19. 07	the facility did did not 🔲 ge	onerate renortable	amounts of hazardou	ie wasta /lf vou	chack did not skin	to Itam VII)
		merare reportable	CHECUTTS OF THE 24T GOD	is waste. (II you	check did holy skip	10 (1 9 m 1 1).)
VI. Waste Identific	cation:					•
A. EPA Waste Number	B. Waste Description	C. Amount of Waste (1bs)	D. Receiving Facility	E. Receiving Facility	F. Transporter	G. Transporter ID Number
			MT. Pleasant	10.44	0:/	
1. ED03	SPENT XY/ENC	5600	Chemical Co	TND083525134	Service Inc	TWD 089558019
2.						
3.						
4.						
						1
5.				 		
6.			i	1		
II. Certification	n = n = n		1	,		
Signature	arence Daughin	·		grence	VAUgh	$\mathcal{U}_{}$
Title	ersonne O mas	•	(Pr	·int or Type)	7	

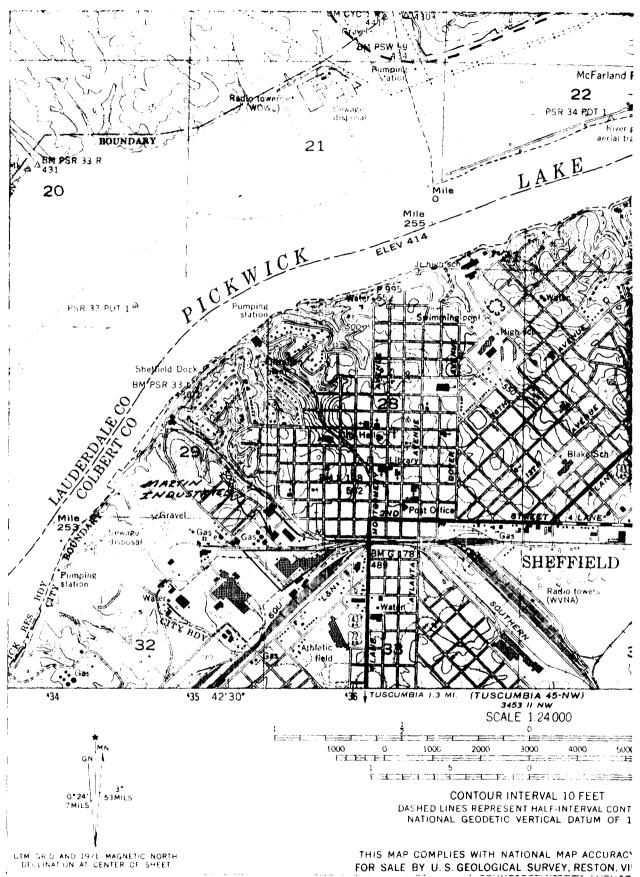
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the rossibility of fine and imprisonment.

LAND PROGRAM

1982 Hazardous Waste Generator and On-Site TSD Facility Annual Report

NOTE	: Read all	Read all Instructions prior to completing this form.					Company of the second
1.	1. Installation EPA ID Number: ALD 067/29676						
11	. Name of	Name of installation: MARTIN INDOSTRIES, INC					
111	. Location	of Installation: 1604	17 5		Al 35660		
	Sheffield		Colbert or Route		Number) Alabana (State)		35661
	(City or Town)		(Cour	nty)	(State)		(Zip Code)
ìV	. installa	Installation Contact: <u>C/ARENDE</u> (Name)		· VAUGLA		767-0	231 557 125
• • •	• ,,,,,,,,,,	(Name)		4	205 767-0330 CXT /24 (Area Code) (Telephone Number)		
V	V. Waste Identification: A. EPA B. Description of C. Quantity D. Amount of Waste by Handling Method						
er	Waste	Waste			2. Quantity	Shipped to Off-Site Treatment	
Number	Number		(LBS)	Method	Stored, Treated	Disposal, or Recovery Facility	
ž				Code	Disposed, or	3. Quantity	
fine					Recovered On-Site		No./Recovery
17							Facility Name
1.	F003	SPENT XY/ENC	3200	501	N/A	3200	A1000062246
2.	F003	SPENT XY/ENC SPENT XY/ENC	1200	50/	NIA	1200	TND 08352563
		7					
3.							
4.				1			
5.			1 !			<u> </u>	
		(11)	more space is need	ed, check [] a	nd complete Attachment I)	
٧١	. Closure	Cost Estimate for Facilities \$					
VII	. Cost Est	imate for Post-Closure Monitoring	and Maintenance (1	Disposal Facili	ty Only) \$		_
V111	. Certific	ation:					
	Harnce Baughn Clarence VAughr Personne/ Direction						
	(Signature) (Print or Type Name) (Title)						

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information i believe that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.



U.S.G.S. 7½ MIN. SERIES FLORENCE, ALABAMA

